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Aprepitant

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Aprepitant Photo



Water Solubility Literature Value

- ❖ Experimental Properties
Water Solubility - Practically Insoluble

- ❖ Predicted Properties:
Water Solubility – 0.0194 mg/mL

Water Solubility Literature Value After Converting g/100mL

- ❖ Experimental Properties: No value shown in drugbank.ca
- ❖ Predicted Properties:

$$\frac{0.0194 \text{ mg}}{1 \text{ mL}} \times \frac{1 \text{ g}}{1000 \text{ mg}} = \frac{0.0000194 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mL}} \times \frac{100 \text{ mL}}{100 \text{ mL}} = \frac{0.00194 \text{ g}}{100 \text{ mL}}$$

Water Solubility

Insoluble

Percentage of Polar Carbons

- ❖ Aprepitant has 23 total carbons and 11 of those carbons are polar carbons.

$$\frac{11 \text{ polar carbons}}{23 \text{ total carbons}} \times 100 = 48\% \text{ polar carbons in molecule}$$

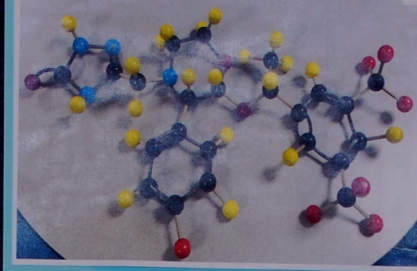
- ❖ I would expect my molecule to be slightly soluble because 48% of the carbons are polar and water is polar ("like dissolves like").

APREPITANT

Generic Name

Aprepitant

Aprepitant Molecule



Trade Name

Emend

Classification

Central Acting Antiemetic; Substance P/Neurokinin 1 (NK₁) Receptor Antagonist

Uses

Aprepitant (Emend) is used to prevent acute and delayed nausea and vomiting associated with emetogenic chemotherapy.

AVAILABILITY

- ❖ Aprepitant is available in capsules of 40 mg, 80 mg, and 125 mg.
- ❖ The powder for injections is available in 125 mg.

Molecules Per 125 mg

Chosen Dose: 125 mg = 0.125 g

$$0.125 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mole}}{534.43 \text{ g}} = 2.34 \times 10^{-4} \text{ moles}$$

$$2.34 \times 10^{-4} \text{ moles} \times \frac{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ molecules}}{1 \text{ mole}} = 1.41 \times 10^{20} \text{ molecules}$$

Tablets Per 125 mg

$$125 \text{ mg} \times \frac{1 \text{ tablet}}{40 \text{ mg}} = 3 \text{ tablets}$$

How does the body take Aprepitant in?

- ❖ The medicine is administered orally one hour prior to starting the chemotherapy session.
- ❖ After taking the oral dose, 60-65% of it reaches systemic circulation.

What does the body do with Aprepitant after it has been absorbed?

- ❖ The Substance P and NK-1 receptor areas control the emetic reflex which is what controls vomiting.
- ❖ Aprepitant is selective and after it crosses the blood barriers, it inhabits the NK-1 receptors. Thus, it prevents any nausea or vomiting that might occur as a result of chemotherapy.

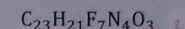
How does the body break down Aprepitant?

CYP3A4 is a drug metabolizing enzyme. Once the body has used Aprepitant, it moves to the liver by CYP3A4.

How does the body eliminate Aprepitant?

Aprepitant is not renally excreted.

Chemical Formula



Chemical Name

5-[[[(2R,3S)-2-[(1R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethoxy]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-morpholinyl]methyl]-1,2-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazol-3-one; (2R)-[(1R)-3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenylethoxy]-{(3S)-(4-fluoro)phenyl-4-(3-oxo-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)methylmorpholine; MK-0869; Emend.

Calculating Molar Mass

Formula: $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{21}\text{F}_7\text{N}_4\text{O}_3$

C - 12.01g (23) = 276.23g

H - 1.00g (21) = 21.00g

F - 19.00g (7) = 133.00g

N - 14.00g (4) = 56.00g

O - 16.00g (3) = 48.00g

$$276.23 \text{ g} + 21.00 \text{ g} + 133.00 \text{ g} + 56.00 \text{ g} + 48.00 \text{ g} = 534.23 \text{ g}$$

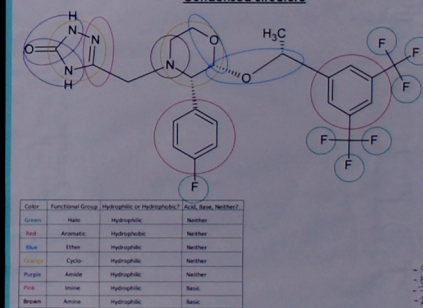
Final Answer:

The molar mass of Aprepitant is 534.23g

Literature Value for the Molar Mass

mol wt – 534.43g

Condensed Structure



Reference List

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